

QP CODE: 23002640



23002640

Reg No :

Name :

M Sc DEGREE (CSS) EXAMINATION, MARCH 2023

Third Semester

Faculty of Science

CORE - ME010304 - FUNCTIONAL ANALYSIS

M Sc MATHEMATICS, M Sc MATHEMATICS (SF)

2019 ADMISSION ONWARDS

936E48B3

Time: 3 Hours

Weightage: 30

Part A (Short Answer Questions)

Answer any **eight** questions.

Weight **1** each.

1. Show that the discrete metric space is complete.
2. When do you say that a subset M of a metric space X is compact. Give an example of a compact metric space.
3. Prove that the inverse of a linear operator T exists if and only if null space of T is equal to $\{0\}$.
4. Define a bounded linear operator on a normed space. Give an example for a bounded linear operator.
5. Let T be a bounded linear operator. Then prove that, if $x_n \rightarrow x$, where $x_n, x \in D(T)$ implies $Tx_n \rightarrow Tx$.
6. Define a Hilbert space.
7. Define orthonormal sets and orthonormal sequences.
8. Define isomorphic Hilbert spaces.
9. Define partially ordered set. Give an example.
10. Let X and Y are normed spaces and $S, T \in B(X, Y)$ then prove that $(S + T)^* = S^* + T^*$ and $(\alpha T)^* = \alpha T^*$ where α be any scalar.

(8×1=8 weightage)

Part B (Short Essay/Problems)

Answer any **six** questions.

Weight **2** each.

11. Define a normed space. Prove that norm is a continuous function.

12. Prove that on a finite dimensional vector space X , any two norms are equivalent.
13. Let $f : C[a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a function defined by $f(x) = \int_a^b x(t)dt$. Prove that f is a bounded linear functional on $C[a, b]$.
14. If X is a finite dimensional normed space, then prove that X^* is also finite dimensional and $\dim X = \dim X^*$.
15. Prove that for any subset $M \neq \phi$ of a Hilbert space H , the span of M is dense in H if and only if $M^\perp = \{0\}$.
16. Let e_k be an orthonormal sequence in a Hilbert space H .
- a) Prove that the series $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \alpha_k e_k$ converges in the norm on H if and only if the series $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} |\alpha_k|^2$ converges.
- b) Prove that for any $x \in H$, the series $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \langle x, e_k \rangle e_k$ converges in the norm of H .
17. Define the Hilbert-adjoint operator of a bounded linear operator $T : H_1 \rightarrow H_2$ where H_1 and H_2 are Hilbert spaces. Prove that the Hilbert-adjoint operator T^* of T exists, is unique and is a bounded linear operator with norm $\|T^*\| = \|T\|$.
18. Define self-adjoint linear operator. Let T be a bounded linear operator on a complex Hilbert space H , prove that T is self-adjoint if and only if $\langle Tx, x \rangle$ is real for all $x \in H$.
- (6×2=12 weightage)

Part C (Essay Type Questions)

Answer any **two** questions.

Weight **5** each.

19. (i) A subspace Y of a Banach space X is complete if and only if the set Y is closed in X .
 (ii) In l^∞ , let Y be the subset of all sequences with only finitely many non zero terms. Show that Y is a subspace of l^∞ but not a closed subspace.
20. Prove that the set of all bounded linear operators from a Normed space X into a Normed space Y is a Normed space. Hence a Banach space if Y is a Banach space.
21. a) State and prove Riesz's Theorem.
 b) Show that any linear functional f on \mathbb{R}^3 can be represented by a dot product,
 $f(x) = x \cdot z = \xi_1 \zeta_1 + \xi_2 \zeta_2 + \xi_3 \zeta_3$.
22. State and prove Hahn-Banach theorem for complex vector spaces.
- (2×5=10 weightage)