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# B.Sc. DEGREE (CBCS) EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2018

## **Third Semester**

**B.Sc Chemistry Model I** 

COMPLEMENTARY COURSE - PH3CMT02 - PHYSICS - MODERN PHYSICS AND MAGNETISM (Common to B.Sc Chemistry Model I, B.Sc Geology Model I)

2017 Admission Onwards 0F5D9BB1

Maximum Marks: 60

Time: 3 Hours

### Part A

Answer any ten questions.

Each question carries 1 mark.

- 1. How can Paschen series be formed in a Hydrogen spectrum.
- 2. What do you mean by magnetic orbital quantum number?
- 3. Explain the term Bohr magneton.
- 4. What are the consequence of uncertainty principle
- 5. Write down the rules obeyed while considering intensity of spectral line.
- 6. Mention the condition for the occurance of pure rotational spectrum of diatomic molecule?
- 7. What are the features of Raman effect?
- 8. What is Avalanche breakdown?
- 9. What is the efficiency of a half wave rectifier?
- 10. Why a transistor is called a current controlled device
- 11. What are ferromagnetic domains?
- 12. Define the terms a) Isoclinic B) isogonic lines.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$ 

#### Part B

Answer any six questions.

Each question carries 5 marks.

- 13. The binding energy per nucleon for two isotopes of carbon <sup>12</sup>C and <sup>13</sup>C are 7.68MeV and 7.47MeV respectively. What is the energy required to remove a neutron from the carbon nucleus.
- 14. A radioactive substance undergoes disintegration at the rate of 5000 and 4000 disintegrations per minute at the 4<sup>th</sup> and 6<sup>th</sup> hour respectively. Calculate the half-life of the substance.



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- 15. Find the de Broglie wavelength of an electron accelerated to a potential difference of 100 Volt .
- 16. If the wave function  $\psi(x)$ = A sin kT satisfies the time independent Schrodinger equation . Find the form of the potential V(x).
- 17. What is the probability of finding the particle in between 0.4 L and 0.6 L in a one-dimensional box of length L.
- 18. A potential barrier of 0.50 V exists across a p-n junction. (a) If the depletion region is 5.0 x 10<sup>-7</sup> m wide, what is the intensity of the electric field in this region? (b) An electron with speed 5.0 x 10<sup>5</sup> ms<sup>-1</sup> approaches the p-n junction from the n-side, with what speed will it enter the p-side?
- 19. How does a zener diode work as avoltage regulator?
- 20. What are the advantages of a full wave bridge rectifier over that of a centre tap full wave rectifier.
- 21. Classify and explain magnetic materials on the basis of susceptibility.

(6×5=30)

#### Part C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 22. Derive the equation for radioactive decay. What do you mean by half-life and mean life of radioactive substance? Obtain the relation connecting disintegration constant, mean life and half-life of a radioactive substance.
- 23. Discuss NMR spectroscopy.
- 24. With a neat diagram describe the action of a full wave bridge rectifier. Compare its merits over that of centre tap full wave rectifier.
- 25. Discuss about earth's magnetism and with help of diagram, explain the components of earth's magnetic fields

(2×10=20)

