



QP CODE: 22100168

Reg No :

Name :

**B.Sc DEGREE (CBCS) REGULAR / REAPPEARANCE EXAMINATIONS,
JANUARY 2022
Fifth Semester**

CORE COURSE - MM5CRT03 - ABSTRACT ALGEBRA

Common for B.Sc Mathematics Model I & B.Sc Mathematics Model II Computer Science

2017 Admission Onwards

74B7AFB8

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

Part A

Answer any ten questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

1. State whether True or False:
 - a) "Each element of a group appear once and only once in each row and column of the group table".
 - b) "There is only one group of three elements , upto isomorphism".
2. Find the gcd of 32 and 24.
3. Find all orders of subgroups of the group \mathbb{Z}_{17} .
4. Find the number of elements in the set $\{\sigma \in S_4 | \sigma(3) = 3\}$.
5. Define the left regular representation of a group G.
6. Find all orbits of the permutation $\sigma : \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$ where $\sigma(n) = n - 3$.
7. Define the direct product of the groups G_1, G_2, \dots, G_n .
8. Let G be a group. If $\phi : G \rightarrow G$ defined by $\phi(g) = g^2$ is a group homomorphism, show that G is Abelian.
9. Show that every group of order 101 is simple.
10. Prove that $\phi_a : F \rightarrow R$ by $\phi_a(f) = f(a)$ for $f \in F$, F is the ring of all function mapping R into R is a ring homomorphsim.
11. Solve the equation $3x = 2$ in the field Z and in the field \mathbb{Z}_{23} .





12. Define a) Kernel of a ring homomorphism
b) Ideal of a ring

(10×2=20)

Part B

Answer any **six** questions.

Each question carries **5** marks.

13. Determine whether $*$ defined on \mathbb{Q} by $a * b = ab/2$ is a) commutative b) associative.
14. Show that the subset S of $M_n(R)$ consisting of all invertible $n \times n$ matrices under matrix multiplication is a group.
Also check whether it is an abelian group.
15. Let G be the multiplicative group of all invertible $n \times n$ matrices with entries in \mathbb{C} and let T be the subset of G consisting of those matrices with determinant 1. Then prove that T is a subgroup of G .
16. Prove that for $n \geq 2$, the number of even permutations in S_n is the same as the number of odd permutations. Define the alternating group A_n on n letters.
17. Prove that every group of prime order is cyclic.
18. Let G be a group and order of G is a prime number. Show that any group homomorphism $\phi : G \rightarrow G^l$ is either trivial or one to one
19. Let \mathbf{G} be a group, show that $Z(\mathbf{G})$ the set of all elements in \mathbf{G} which commutes with every element of \mathbf{G} , is a normal subgroup of \mathbf{G} .
20. Let p be a prime. Show that in a ring \mathbb{Z}_p , $(a + b)^p = a^p + b^p$ for all $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}_p$
21. Show that $\phi : \mathbb{C} \rightarrow M_2(\mathbb{R})$ given by $\phi(a + bi) = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ -b & a \end{pmatrix}$ for $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$ gives an isomorphism of \mathbb{C} with the subring $\phi[\mathbb{C}]$ of $M_2(\mathbb{R})$

(6×5=30)

Part C

Answer any **two** questions.

Each question carries **15** marks.

22. Define isomorphism between two binary structures. Check whether $\langle \mathbb{Z}, + \rangle$ is isomorphic to $\langle 2\mathbb{Z}, + \rangle$ where $+$ is the usual addition.





23. 1. Let H be a subgroup of a group G . Let the relation \sim_L be defined on G by $a \sim_L b$ if and only if $a^{-1}b \in H$. Then show that \sim_L is an equivalence relation on G . What is the cell in the corresponding partition of G containing $a \in G$?
2. Let H be a subgroup of a group G . Then define the left and right cosets of H containing $a \in G$.
3. Exhibit the left cosets and the right cosets of the subgroup $3\mathbb{Z}$ of \mathbb{Z} .
24. State and prove fundamental homomorphism theorem.
25. a) Prove that every field F is an integral domain.
b) Prove that every finite integral domain is a field.
c) Prove that \mathbb{Z}_p is a field if p is a prime.

(2×15=30)

