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QP CODE: 20100568

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Reg No : .....

Name : .....

**BSc DEGREE (CBCS) EXAMINATION, MARCH 2020**  
**Sixth Semester**  
**Core course - MM6CRT02 - GRAPH THEORY AND METRIC SPACES**

B.Sc Mathematics Model I, B.Sc Mathematics Model II Computer Science

2017 Admission Onwards

4A7743A4

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks :80

**Part A**

*Answer any ten questions.*

*Each question carries 2 marks.*

1. Define edge set of a graph. When will you say that two edges are parallel in a graph?
2. Give two different drawings of  $K_{3,3}$  which are isomorphic.
3. Define a complete bipartite graph. Give an example.
4. Define an edge deleted subgraph.
5. Define a tree. Draw all non - isomorphic trees with 5 vertices.
6. Define Cut vertex and Draw one example.
7. Define an Euler tour of a graph G and an Euler graph.
8. Define Hamiltonian graph. Is  $K_4$  Hamiltonian, justify.
9. Define usual metric on  $\mathbf{R}$ .
10. Define closed set in a metric space  $(X,d)$ .
11. Give an example of a sequence which is convergent, but the underlying set do not have a limit point.
12. Let X and Y be metric spaces and f a mapping of X into Y. If  $x_n \rightarrow x_0$  implies  $f(x_n) \rightarrow f(x_0)$  then prove that f is continuous at  $x_0$ .

(10×2=20)

**Part B**

*Answer any six questions.*

*Each question carries 5 marks.*

13. Define eccentricity, diameter and radius of a connected graph G with vertex set V. Which simple graphs have diameter 1?



14. Define adjacency matrix of a graph. Find the graph whose adjacency matrix is  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$
- What can you say about the graph if all the entries of the main diagonal are zero?
15. Prove that an edge 'e' of a graph G is a bridge if and only if 'e' is not a part of any cycle in G .
16. Prove that a graph G is connected if and only if it has a spanning tree.
17. Let G be a simple graph with n vertices and let u and v be non-adjacent vertices in G such that  $d(u) + d(v) \geq n$  . Then prove that G is Hamiltonian if and only if  $G + uv$  is Hamiltonian.
18. Prove that every open sphere is an open set.
19. Write a short note on boundary of a set.
20. Define Cauchy sequence in a metric space. Prove that every convergent sequence is Cauchy. Give an example of a sequence which is Cauchy, but not convergent.
21. Let X be a complete metric space and let Y be a subspace of X. Prove that Y is complete if and only if it is closed.

(6×5=30)

### Part C

Answer any **two** questions.

Each question carries **15** marks.

22. (a) State and prove First theorem of graph theory.  
 (b) Prove that in any graph G there is an even number of odd vertices.  
 (c) What is the smallest number of n such that the complete graph  $K_n$  has atleast 500 edges?
23. a) State and prove Whitney's theorem for 2- connected graphs.  
 b) Let u and v be two vertices of the 2- connected graph. Then prove that there is a cycle passing through both u and v.
24. a) Let A and B be two subsets of a metric space X, then prove or disprove  
 (i)  $\text{int}(A \cap B) = \text{int}(A) \cap \text{int}(B)$  (ii)  $\text{int}(A \cup B) = \text{int } A \cup \text{int } B$   
 b) Prove that  $\text{int } A$  is the union of all open sets in A.  
 c) Prove that A is open if and only if  $A = \text{int } A$ .
25. (a) If  $\{A_n\}$  is a sequence of nowhere dense sets in a complete metric space X, then prove that there exists a point in X which is not in any of the  $A_n$ 's.  
 (b) State Baire's theorem. Explain how it is related to the above result.

(2×15=30)

