

QP CODE: 24035574



Reg No

Name

B.Sc DEGREE (CBCS) REGULAR / REAPPEARANCE EXAMINATIONS, OCTOBER

2024

Fifth Semester

CORE COURSE - MM5CRT01 - MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS

Common for B.Sc Mathematics Model I, B.Sc Mathematics Model II Computer Science & B.Sc
Computer Applications Model III Triple Main

2017 Admission Onwards

2D5A9EF5

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

Part A

*Answer any **ten** questions.*

*Each question carries **2** marks.*


1. Prove that the set of all integers \mathbb{Z} is denumerable.
2. Prove that there doesnot exist any smallest positive real number.
3. Find all $x \in \mathbb{R}$ such that $|x - 1| > |x + 1|$.
4. Is any intervals are finite set? Justify.
5. Define sequence of real numbers. What is Fibonacci sequence.
6. Show that $\lim(\frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n+1}) = 0$.
7. If $X = (x_n)$ is a convergent sequence of real numbers such that $x_n \geq 0$ for every n , then prove that $x = \lim(x_n) \geq 0$.
8. Let $X = (2, 4, 6, \dots, 2n, \dots)$ and $Y = (1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \dots, \frac{1}{n}, \dots)$. Find $X + Y$ and $X \cdot Y$.
9. Let $X = (x_n)$ be a bounded sequence of real numbers and let every convergent subsequence of X converge to x . Prove that sequence X also converges to x .
10. If a series in \mathbb{R} is absolutely convergent, then it is convergent.
11. Test the convergence of $\sum_1^\infty \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{(n^2+1)}$
12. Show that $\lim_{x \rightarrow c} x^3 = c^3$ for any $c \in \mathbb{R}$.

(10×2=20)

Part B

*Answer any **six** questions.*

*Each question carries **5** marks.*

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13. Prove that If A, B are bounded sets then $\text{Sup}(A + B) = \text{Sup } A + \text{Sup } B$ where $A + B = \{a + b : a \in A, b \in B\}$.
14. Prove that $x \in [0, 1]$ then the binary representation of x forms a sequence consisting only 0, 1 .
15. What is Euler number. Prove that Euler number lies between 2 and 3.
16. State and prove Cauchy Convergence Criterion.
17. Let (x_n) and (y_n) be two sequences of real numbers and suppose that $x_n \leq y_n$ for all n .
Prove that
(a) if $\lim x_n = +\infty$ then $\lim y_n = +\infty$.
(b) if $\lim y_n = -\infty$ then $\lim x_n = -\infty$.
18. State and prove the root test for the absolute convergence of a series in \mathbb{R} .
19. If (x_n) is a monotone convergent sequence and $\sum y_n$ is convergent, then establish the convergence of $\sum x_n y_n$.
20. Check whether the one-sided limits of the function $g(x) = e^{\frac{1}{x}}$ at $x = 0$ exist or not.
21. Give an example of a function that has a right-hand limit but not a left-hand limit at a point.

(6×5=30)

Part C

Answer any **two** questions.

Each question carries **15** marks.

22. Prove that there exist a real number x such that $x^2 = 2$.
23. (a) State and prove Monotone Convergence Theorem.
(b) Let $Y = (y_n)$ be the sequence defined as $y_1 = 1$ and $y_{n+1} = \frac{2y_n + 3}{4}$, $n \geq 1$. Prove that $\lim Y = \frac{3}{2}$.
24. (a) State and prove the Limit Comparison Test for the convergence of series.
(b) Discuss the convergence of

$$\begin{aligned} & \cdot \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2 - n + 1} \\ & \cdot \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+1}} \end{aligned}$$

25. (a) Let $A \subseteq \mathbb{R}$, $f : A \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ and let $c \in \mathbb{R}$ be a cluster point of A . If $a \leq f(x) \leq b$ for all $x \in A, x \neq c$, and if $\lim_{x \rightarrow c} f$ exists, Then prove that $a \leq \lim_{x \rightarrow c} f \leq b$.
(b) Check whether the following limits exist or not. Give explanations.

$$(1) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \sin x \quad (2) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\cos x - 1}{x} \right)$$

(2×15=30)