



QP CODE: 25019385

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# B.Sc DEGREE (CBCS) ) REGULAR/ IMPROVEMENT/ REAPPEARANCE / MERCY CHANCE EXAMINATIONS, FEBRUARY 2025

#### **Fourth Semester**

B.Sc Mathematics Model II Computer Science

## Complementary Course - MM4CMT02 - MATHEMATICS - OPERATIONS RESEARCH - NON LINEAR PROGRAMMING

2017 Admission Onwards 6E221697

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

#### Part A

Answer any **ten** questions.

Each question carries **2** marks.

- 1. Using graphical method, list all integer feasible solutions of  $\min x_1-x_2$  subject to  $2x_1+3x_2\leq 6, x_1,x_2\geq 0$  and  $x_1,x_2$  are integers
- Define T<sub>F</sub> and [T]<sub>F</sub> in Integer Programming Problem.
- 3. What are the advantages of cutting plane method?
- 4. Find a suiatable cutting plane for the ILP  $Max~x_1+2x_2\\Subject~to~2x_2\leq 7~,~x_1+x_2\leq 7,2x_1\leq 11,x_1\geq 0,x_2\geq 0$
- Give and example of a Nonlinear Programming problem.
- 6. Define Lagrangian Function.
- 7. State Kuhn-Tucker Theorem.
- 8. Write the Lagrangian function for Minimize  $-2x_1-3x_2$  subject to  $2x_1+2x_2\leq 7, 0\leq x_1\leq 2, 0\leq x_2\leq 2, x_1,x_2\geq 0$
- 9. Mark on the graph the set of feasible solutions of  $(x_1-1)(x_2-1) \leq 1, \; x_1+x_2 \geq 6, \; x_1,x_2 \geq 0$
- 10. What assumptions can be made when \$P\ne0\$ and \$X^\prime CX\$ is positive semidefinite in a Quadratic Programming Problem?
- 11. Give an example of a Quadratic Programming Problem in which  $P \neq 0$  and X'CX is positive semidefinite.
- 12. Show that  $x_1^2+x_2^2-\left(3x_1+x_2
  ight)$  is separable.



#### Part B

### Answer any **six** questions. Each question carries **5** marks.

- 13. Using Branch and Bound method solve  $Max~x_1+2x_2$  subject to  $x_1+x_2\leq 8, x_1+2x_2\geq 4, x_1, x_2$  are non negative integers
- 14. Solve by Cutting Plane Method Maximize  $x_1+x_2$  subject to  $2x_1\leq 3, 2x_1+2x_2\geq 5, -2x_1+2x_2\leq 1, x_1, x_2$  non negative integers.
- 15. Solve by Branch and Bound Method Minimise  $9x_1+10x_2$  subject to  $0\leq x_1\leq 10, 0\leq x_2\leq 8, 3x_1+5x_2\geq 45$
- 16. Find the initial branches of the problem Minimize  $3x_1-x_2$  subject to  $-10x_1+6x_2\leq 15, 14x_1+18x_2\geq 63, x_1, x_2$  non negative integers.
- 17. Solve graphically  $x_1^2+(x_2-3)^2, ext{ Subject to } x_1+x_2\leq 4, x_1-x_2\leq 2, x_1,x_2\geq 0$
- 18. Write K-T conditions for the following Mathematical Programming problem  $\max x_1^2 x_2^2 \text{ subject to } x_1 x_2 \leq 3, (x_1-4)^2 + (x_2-7)^2 \leq 9, x_1, x_2 \geq 0$
- 19. Solve by K-T conditions for the LP maximise  $3x_1+2x_2$  subject to  $2x_1-x_2\leq 4, x_1+x_2\leq 8, x_1, x_2\geq 0$
- 20. Solve  $3x_1+6x_2-4x_1x_2-3x_1^2-2x_2^2$  subject to  $3x_1+2x_2\leq 4, x_1+x_2\leq 1, x_1, x_2\geq 0$
- 21. Solve the following Separable Programming Problem  $\max 2x_1^2+x_2^2, ext{ Subject to } x_1+x_2\leq 4, x_1-2x_2\leq 6, x_1,x_2\geq 0$

 $(6 \times 5 = 30)$ 

#### Part C

### Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 15 marks.

- 22. Solve by Cutting Plane Method Minimize  $-2x_1-3x_2$  subject to  $2x_1+2x_2\leq 7, 0\leq x_1\leq 2, 0\leq x_2\leq 2, x_1, x_2$  integers.
- 23. Solve the two following problems bt K-T conditions and verify geometrically
  - a) Minimise  $x_1$
  - b) maximise  $x_2$  in each case subject to  $(x_1-4)^2+x_2^2\leq 16, (x_1-3)^2+(x_2-2)^2=13$
- 24. Solve by K-T conditions  $\max x_1-x_2-x_3 ext{ subject to } 2x_1-x_2+x_3 \leq 6, x_1+2x_2+x_2 \leq 4, x_1, x_2 x_3 \geq 0$
- 25. Solve Minimise  $-x_1-x_2-x_3+rac{1}{2}(x_1^2+x_2^2+x_3^2)$  subject to $x_1+x_2+x_3\leq 1, x_1+2x_2\leq rac{7}{3}, x_1, x_2, x_3\geq 0$

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$