



Reg. No
Name

M.Sc. DEGREE (C.S.S.) EXAMINATION, JUNE 2019

Second Semester

Faculty of Science

Branch I (A)—Mathematics

MT 02 C09—PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

(2012 Admission onwards)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Weight: 30

Part A

Answer any **five** questions. Each question carries 1 weight.

- 1. Find the primitive : yzdx + xzdy + xydz = 0.
- 2. Eliminate a and b from : $2z = (ax + y)^2 + b$.
- 3. Find the complete integral of $p^2 + q^2 = x + y$.
- 4. Define Compatible system of first order equations.
- 5. Find the particular integral $(D^2 D^1)Z = e^{2x + y}$.
- 6. Eliminate the arbitrary function ϕ

$$z = \frac{1}{x} \phi (y - x) + \phi^{1} (y - x).$$

- 7. Define equipotential surface.
- 8. Explain: exterior Dirichlet Problem.

 $(5 \times 1 = 5)$

Turn over





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Part B

Answer any **five** questions. Each question carries 2 weight.

- 9. Find the general integral $x^2 p + y^2 q = (x + y) z$.
- 10. Show that the Pfaffian differential equation yz dx + 2xz dy 3xy dz = 0 is integrable and find the corresponding integral.
- 11. Find the complete integral of $f = z^2 pqxy = 0$ by Charpit's method.
- 12. Find the complete integral of $2x(z^2q^2+1) = pz$.
- 13. Reduce to canonical form $u_{xx} x^2 u_{yy} = 0$.
- 14. Show that:

$$F(D, D^1)\left\{e^{ax+by}\phi(x, y)\right\} = e^{ax+by}F(D+a, D^1+b)\phi(x, y)$$

15. Solve by separation of variable:

$$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial r^2} = \frac{1}{k} \frac{\partial z}{\partial t}.$$

16. Establish a necessary condition for the existence of the solution of the interior Neumann problem.

 $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

Part C

Answer any **three** questions. Each question carries 5 weight.

17. Verify that the equation:

$$yz(y+z) dx + xz(x+z) dy + xy(x+y) dz = 0$$

is integrable and find its solution.





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- 18. Find the complete integral of $p^2x + qy z = 0$. and derive the equation of the integral surface containing the line y = 1, x + z = 0.
- 19. Solve by Jacobi's method:

$$p^2x + q^2y = z.$$

- 20. Find by the method of characteristics, the integral surface of pq = xy which passes through the curve z = x, y = 0.
- 21. Reduce:

$$(n-1)^2 u_{xx} - y^{2n} u_{yy} = n y^{2n-1} u_y$$

to a canonical form and solve if possible.

22. Find the solution of:

$$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = \frac{1}{k} \frac{\partial z}{\partial t}$$

by method of separation of variables.

 $(3 \times 5 = 15)$

