



19002222



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Reg. No.....

Name.....

M.Sc. DEGREE (C.S.S.) EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2019

Third Semester

Faculty of Science

Branch III—Pure Chemistry

CH3C11—CHEMICAL KINETICS, SURFACE CHEMISTRY AND PHOTOCHEMISTRY

(2012—2018 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum Weight : 30

Part A

*Answer any **ten** questions.*

Each question carries a weight of 1.

1. What is entropy of activation ΔS^\ddagger ? What is its significance in deciding the rate of the reaction ?
2. Explain the use of ESR in the study of fast reactions.
3. What is kinetic isotopic effect ? Explain using a suitable example.
4. Give the Eyring equation. Explain the terms involved.
5. What is Cage effect ? Explain giving suitable examples.
6. What are micelles ? Explain its role in cleansing clothes.
7. What is Zeta potential ? How it is related to the stability of colloids.
8. Define :
 - (a) Number average molar mass.
 - (b) Mass average molar mass.
9. Give Gibbs adsorption isotherm. Explain the terms used in the equation.
10. What are surfactants ? Explain their important uses.
11. Define the term quantum yield. Explain the significance of low and high quantum yield values seen in some reactions.
12. What are excimers and exciplexs ?
13. Explain the use of lasers in studying the kinetics of photochemical reactions.

(10 × 1 = 10)

Turn over





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Section B

Answer **five** questions by attempting not more than 3 from each bunch.

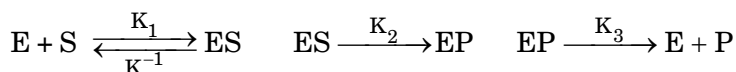
Each question carries a weight of 2.

BUNCH 1

14. What is Green house effect ? Explain the practical applications in agriculture.
15. Explain the use of osmotic pressure measurements in determining the molecular mass of macromolecules.
16. Derive a rate equation for the dimerisation of Anthracene.
17. Write down the derivation of BET isotherm for multilayer adsorption.

BUNCH 2

18. The energy of activation of a non-catalysed reaction at 37°C is 85 kJ mol⁻¹ and the activation energy for the same reaction catalysed by enzyme is 25 kJ mol⁻¹. Calculate the ratio of the rate constants of the two reactions.
19. In the temperature range of 250K-450K, the pre-exponential factor, A for the reaction $\text{Cl}_{(g)} + \text{H}_{2(g)} \rightarrow \text{HCl}_{(g)} + \text{H}_{(g)}$ is found to be equal to $1.20 \times 10^{10} \text{ dm}^3 \text{ mol}^{-1} \text{ S}^{-1}$. (molecular masses $\text{Cl} = 35.453 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$, $\text{H}_2 = 2.016 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$ collision diameters $\text{Cl} = 200 \text{ p.m.}$, $\text{H}_2 = 150 \text{ p.m.}$) Determine the steric factor, P.
20. Consider the following mechanism for an enzyme catalysed reaction.



E-enzyme S-Substrate EP-enzyme product complex.

Using steady state approximation, show that

$$r = \frac{\text{K}_2 (\text{E})_0 (\text{S})}{(\text{K}_{-1} + \text{K}_2) \left/ \text{K}_1 + 1 + \frac{\text{K}_2}{\text{K}_3} (\text{S}) \right.}$$

21. At 0°C and 1 atm pressure, the volume of nitrogen gas required to cover a sample of silica gel, assuming Langmuir monolayer adsorption, is found to be 130 cm³ g⁻¹ of the gel. Calculate the surface area per gram of silica gel. Given that the area occupied by a nitrogen molecule is 0.162 (nm)².

(5 × 2 = 10)





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Section C

*Answer any **two** questions.*

Each question carries a weight of 5.

22. Discuss briefly on the following (a) Semenov-Hinshelwood mechanism of explosive reactions ; (b) Kinetics of anionic and cationic polymerisations ; (c) Skrabal diagrams.
23. Write briefly on Enzyme catalysis. Give Michelis-Menten equation. Explain the effect of pH and temperature on enzyme catalysis.
24. Write notes on (a) Surface Enhanced Raman Scattering ; (b) Donnan membrane equilibrium ; (c) Stern-Volmer equation.
25. Explain the different ways of utilisation of solar energy with special reference to solar cells and their working.

(2 × 5 = 10)

