



## **B.Sc DEGREE (CBCS) EXAMINATION, MAY 2019**

#### **Fourth Semester**

B.Sc Mathematics Model II Computer Science

# Complemetary Course - MM4CMT02 - MATHEMATICS - OPERATIONS RESEARCH - NON LINEAR PROGRAMMING

2017 Admission onwards

DB794A57

Maximum Marks: 80 Time: 3 Hours

#### Part A

Answer any ten questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

- 1. Define Integer Programming Problem.
- 2. Give the relation between S<sub>F</sub>, T<sub>F</sub> and [T<sub>Fl</sub> in Integer Programming Problem.
- 3. Which are the two strategies adopted in branch and bound method
- 4. When a problem is said to be pruned?
- 5. Define Convex programming problem
- 6. Define Lagrangian Function
- 7. State Kuhn-Tucker Theorem
- 8. Write the Lagrangian function for Minimize  $-2x_1-3x_2$  subject to  $2x_1+2x_2\leq 7, 0\leq x_1\leq 2, 0\leq x_2\leq 2, x_1, x_2\geq 0$
- 9. Write down Kuhn-Tucker conditions
- 10. What assumptions can be made in the minimum of Quadratic Programming Problem if \$P\ne 0\$ and \$X^\prime C X\$ is Positive Semidefinite
- 11. Give an example of a Quadratic Programming Problem in which \$P\ne0\$ and \$X^\prime CX\$ is positive semidefinite.
- 12. What do you mean by a separable function. Give an example

(10×2=20)

# Part B

Answer any six questions.

Each question carries 5 marks.

- 13. Explain whether an integer programming problem can be solved by rounding off the corresponding simplex solution.
- 14. Solve by Cutting Plane Method Maximize  $x_1+x_2$  subject to  $7x_1-6x_2\leq 5, 6x_1+3x_2\geq 7, -3x_1+8x_2\leq 6, x_1, x_2$  non negative integers.



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15. Solve by Branch and Bound Method

Minimize  $4x_1+5x_2$  subject to  $3x_1+x_2\geq 2, x_1+4x_2\geq 5, 3x_1+2x_2\geq 7, x_1, x_2$  non negative integers.

16. Find the initial branches of the problem

Minimize  $3x_1 - x_2$  subject to

$$-10x_1 + 6x_2 \le 15, 14x_1 + 18x_2 \ge 63, x_1, x_2$$
 non negative integers.

17. Solve the following problem graphically subject to the constraints

Maximise  $(x_1-4)^2+(x_2-4)^2$ 

$$x_2+x_2 \leq 6, \; x_1-x_2 \leq 1, \; 2x_1+x_2 \geq 6, \; rac{1}{2}x_1-x_2 \geq -4, \; x_1 \geq 0, \; x_2 \geq 0$$

18. Write K-T conditions for the problem minimise  $\dfrac{3x_1+x_2+3}{x_1+2x_2+6}$  subject to  $x_1+2x_2\leq 12, 2x_1-x_2\leq 4, \ x_1,x_2\geq 0$ 

$$x_1 + 2x_2 \le 12, 2x_1 - x_2 \le 4, \ x_1, x_2 \ge 0$$

- 19. Minimise  $f=(x_1+x_2)^2+(x_2-2)$  over the region  $0\leq x_1\leq 2,\ 0\leq x_2\leq 1$ , by writing the K-T conditions and obtain the saddle point.
- 20. Solve by the method of Quadratic programming minimise

$$-6x_1+2x_1^2-2x_1x_2+2x_2^2$$
 subject to  $x_1+x_2\leq 2, x_1, x_2\geq 0$ 

21. Solve

Maximise 
$$f(x_1,x_2)=2x_1+3x_2^4+4$$
 subject to  $g_1(x_1,x_2)=3x_1^2+4x_2^2\leq 36, x_1,x_2\geq 0$ 

 $(6 \times 5 = 30)$ 

## Part C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 15 marks.

22. Solve by Branch and Bound Method

Minimize  $-2x_1-3x_2$  subject to  $2x_1+2x_2\leq 7, 0\leq x_1\leq 2, 0\leq x_2\leq 2, x_1, x_2$  integers

- 23. Solve by K-T conditions maximise  $2x_1-x_1^2+x_2$  subject to  $2x_1+3x_2\leq 6, 2x_1+x_2\leq 4, x_1, x_2\geq 0$
- 24. Solve by K-T conditions minimise

$$16(x_1-2)^2+(4x_2-9)^2$$

subject to 
$$x_1-x_2^2\geq 0, x_1+x_2\leq 6, x_1, x_2\geq 0$$

25. Solve by the method of Separable programming

Minimise  $9x_1-4x_3-3x_1^2-x_2^2+2x_3^3$  subject to  $2x_1^2+4x_2^2+2x_3\leq 5, x_1,x_2,x_3\geq 0$ 

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$ 

